

"Carry All" **CAMERA** and **GADGET** BAG KIT ASSEMBLY **INSTRUCTIONS**



KIT CONTAINS: Pre-Cut, Pre-Scored Natural Tooling Cowhide Parts
Pre-Cut Genuine Leather Lining
Pre-Cut Genuine Leather Shoulder Strap and Pad
Nickel Buckle
Brass Strap Hangers (2)
Presto Lock Fasteners (2)
Speedy Rivets (12)
30 Yards Genuine Leather Lace
Assembly Instructions including Tracing Patterns

Assembly Instructions including Tracing Patterns & Photocarve Patterns

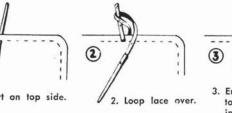
How to Lace WESTERN DOUBLE LOOP STITCH

round using the end slit or hole

twice. If you pre-

fer, you can use

the corner hole 3



Dist. by Tandy Warehouse Co. Ft. Worth, Texas

top side of leather

from top side. This is where you really start the

where you started. Note dotted line lacing. This is re-9. Note only one hole remains to moved so your starting will apbe laced.

11. Cut off each lace To give all stitchclose against the es a uniform ap-project. Now, no pearance, lay one can tell project on firm where you start- surface and beat ed or where you down laced edg-stopped. es with mallet.

TOOLING INSTRUCTIONS

again. When it turns back to its

STEP 2. CARVING-Use swivel knife

to carve design. Cut outlines in the following order: flowers, stems,

10. Completion of the tie in.

6. Continuation of

PREPARING THE LEATHER Use a sponge to dampen leather. 2. Spread the leather with the smooth or grain side up on a smooth,

hard surface. Dampen the entire piece. Do not get leather sopping 3. Use tracing paper to trace-design outlines from pattern. Clip tracing





add shading or deep burnished color to leather. Use on flower



important.

STEP 5. BEVELING-Use beveler to stamp down one side of cut only. Push beveler along inside of swivel cut. Smooth even bevel is very



STEP 7: BACKGROUND—Use background areas, dark areas on pat-tern. Add decorative cuts with your swivel knife.

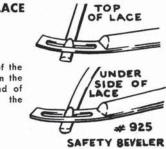
When all tooling and stamping are completed, clean and polish leather with Tan-Kote. Then apply protective coating of Neat Lac

STEP 6. VEINER & SEEDER-Use

veiner to add decorative effect on scrolls and flowers. Seeder to com-

How to SPLICE LACE

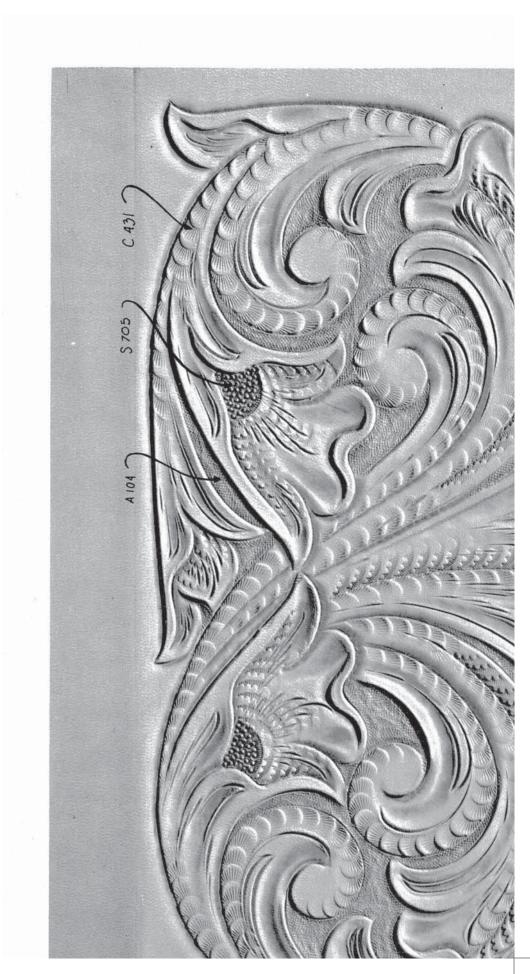
STEP 1. Skive the end of one of the laces to be spliced from the top side. Skive the end of the other lace from the





STEP 2. Apply Rubber Cement to both skived ends. Allow ce-ment to dry; then join ends



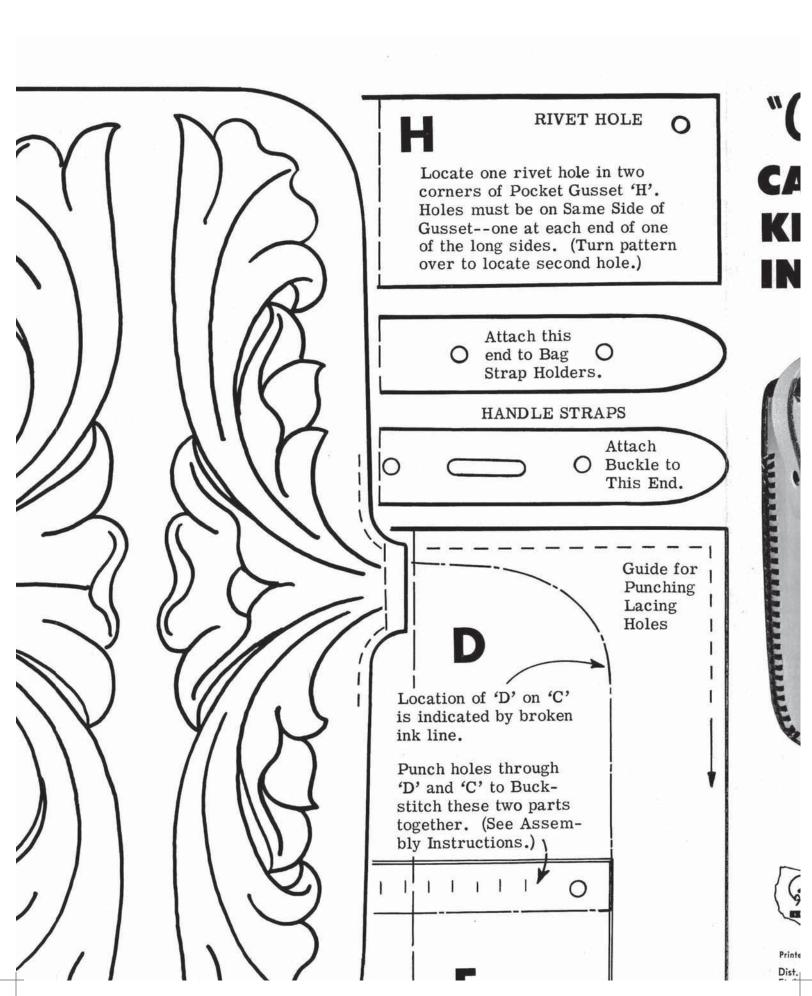




O RIVET HOLES

O RIVET HOLES

Place Top Edge of Part 'A' on this broken line to locate Rivet Holes.



Larry All" **IMERA** and GADGET BAG T ASSEMBLY **ISTRUCTIONS**



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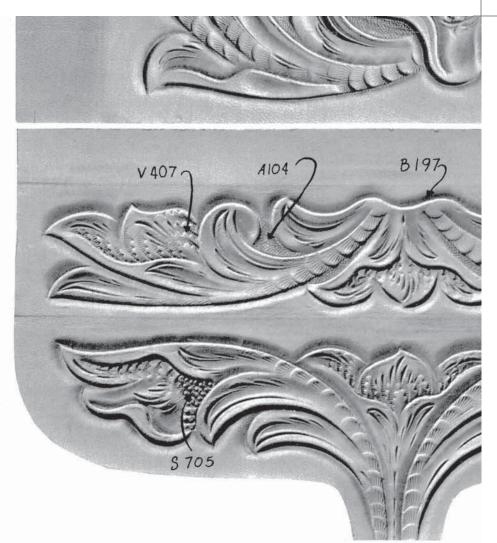
30 Yards Genuine Leather Lace

Assembly Instructions including Tracing Patterns

& Photocarve Patterns

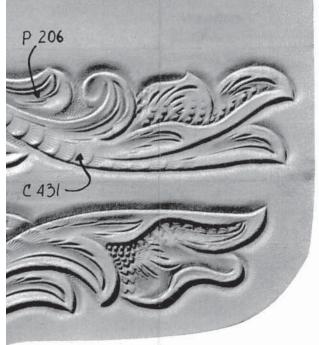


d in U.S.A by Tandy Warehouse Co.

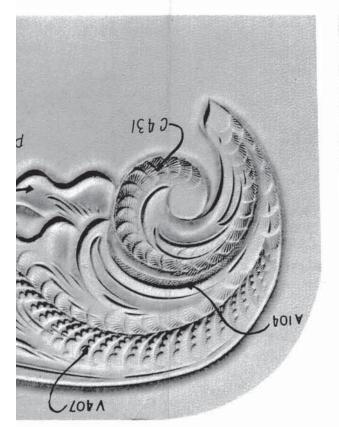


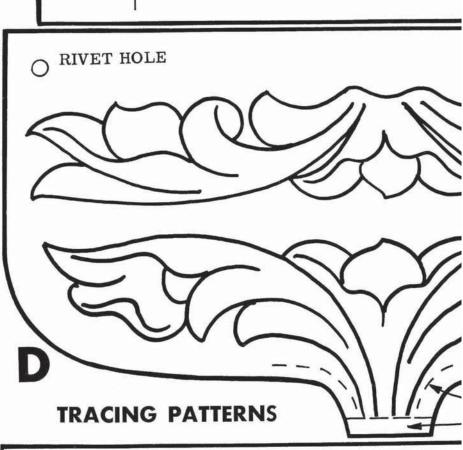


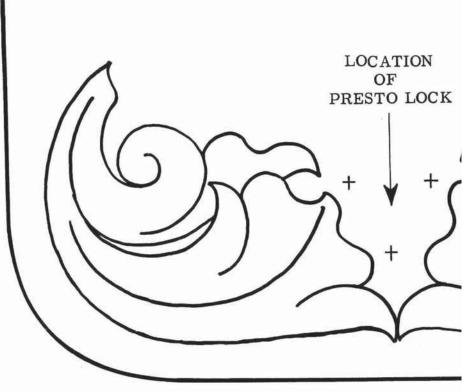


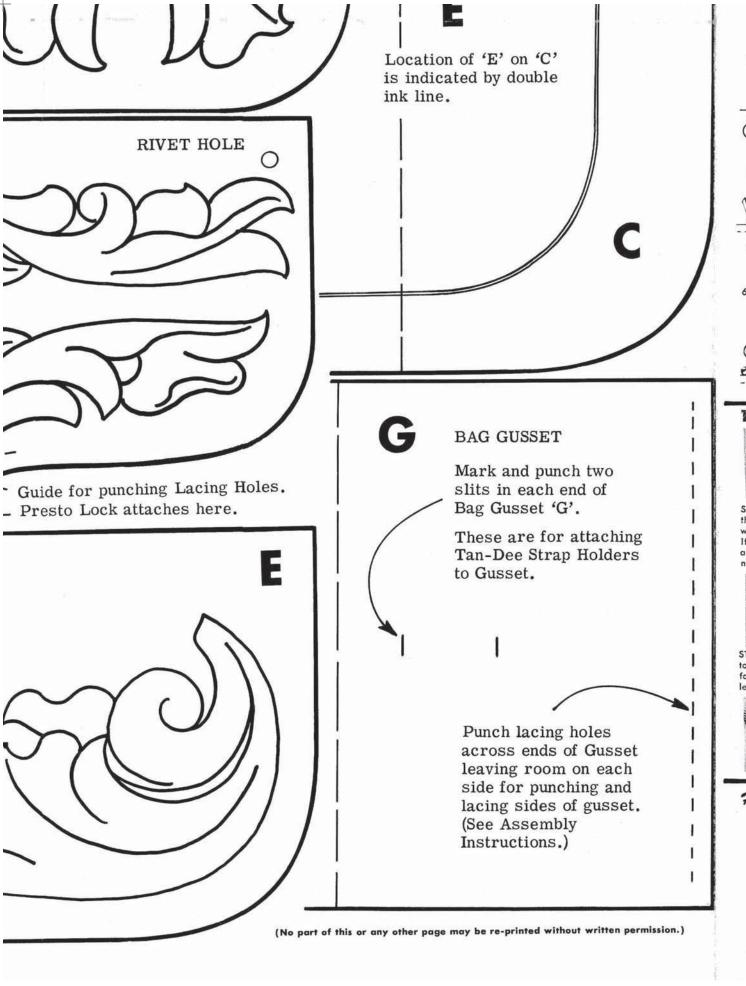












How

0

1. Start c



6. Contin #4 ar



COOL



STEP 1. T the outline with tracir If leather again. We natural coi



STEP 2. CA to carve de following leaves, scre



How t

STEP 1. Skive th laces to top side the oth under s

to Lace WESTERN DOUBLE LOOP STITCH

7. Cut your corners

round using the end slit or hole

twice. If you pre-

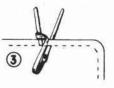
fer, you can use

the corner hole 3

times.



on top side. 2. Loop lace over.



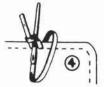
3. Enter lace from top side of leather in every operation.

8. You are back to

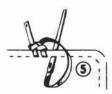
where you started.

Note dotted line lacing. This is re-

pear as in #9.



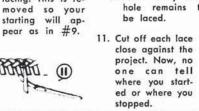
4. Note you pick up or go under two strands entering from top side. This is where you really start the



5. Same operation as #4 which you continue until you have finished.



hole remains to be laced.



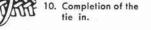
To give all stitches a uniform appearance, lay project on firm surface and beat down laced edges with mallet.



id #5.











RACING DESIGN-Trace of the design on leather ng tool or sharp pencil. becomes dry, dampen it en it turns back to its or, resume work.



RVING-Use swivel knife esign. Cut outlines in the order: flowers, stems, olls, etc.



PREPARING THE LEATHER

THEREOLOGICAL (II

1. Use a sponge to dampen leather.

- 2. Spread the leather with the smooth or grain side up on a smooth, hard surface. Dampen the entire piece. Do not get leather sopping
- 3. Use tracing paper to trace design outlines from pattern. Clip tracing to damp leather.

STEP 3. CAMOUFLAGE-Use camouflage to add roundness to scrolls, leaves, stems, etc



STEP 4. SHADING-Use shader to add shading or deep burnished color to leather. Use on flower petals, leaves, etc.



STEP 5. BEVELING-Use beveler to stamp down one side of cut only. Push beveler along inside of swivel cut. Smooth even bevel is very important.



STEP 6. VEINER & SEEDER-Use veiner to add decorative effect on scrolls and flowers. Seeder to complete flower centers.



STEP 7: BACKGROUND-Use background areas, dark areas on pattern. Add decorative cuts with your swivel knife.

When all tooling and stamping are completed, clean and polish leather with Tan-Kote. Then apply protective coating of Neat Lac

SPLICE LACE

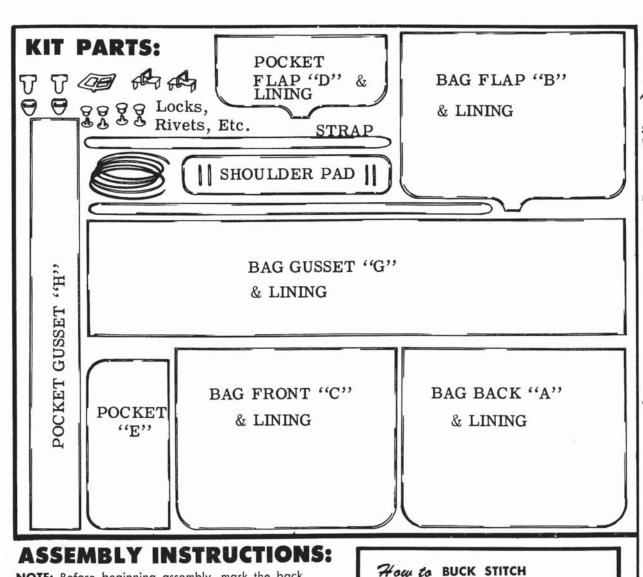
e end of one of the be spliced from the . Skive the end of ier lace from the ide.



SKIVED ENDS OF LACES

STEP 2. Apply Rubber Cement to both skived ends. Allow cement to dry; then join ends together firmly.

JOIN CEMENTED SIDES TOGETHER.



ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS:

NOTE: Before beginning assembly, mark the back side (flesh side) of each leather part with its corresponding letter and name from the above outline drawing.

STEP 1. The following leather parts require carving and tooling: Bag Flap "B", Pocket Flap "D", and Pocket Front "E". (See Kit Parts.) Before working with parts "B" & "D", cement them to heavy brown wrapping paper to prevent stretching the leather. Apply cement to both paper and flesh side of leather pieces. Let cement dry; then stick cemented surfaces together. NOTE: Do not cement paper to part "E". Parts "B" and "D" are lined; "E" is not. Thus, no paper should be used on "E".

STEP 2. Carve and stamp leather pieces "B", "D", and "E" according to Tooling Instructions on this sheet.

Remove brown paper from tooled leather as completely as possible. (Lining will cover any remaining traces of paper.)

Apply Neat Lac or Neat Shene to grain side of natural leather parts following package directions. , DO NOT SKIVE THIS EDGE ON BOTH A & C A & C SAFETY BEVELER DO NOT

Skive all edges of tooling leather pieces with these exceptions: 1. Do not skive the long, straight sides of "A" & "C" ending in right angle corners. 2. Do not skive parts "B" & "D" where Presto locks attach. (See illustration.)

SKIVE EX-

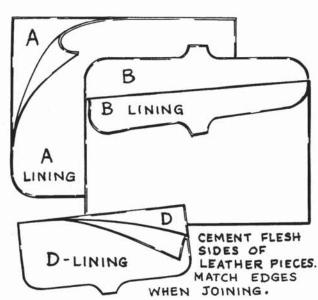
PARTS OF 'B' &

PRESTO LOCKS

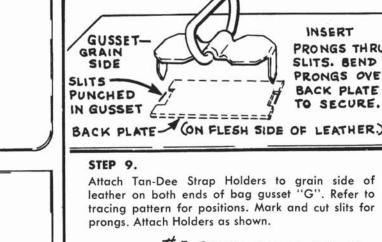
TENDING

'D' WHERE

ATTACH.



leathers. Let cement dry; then stick cemented sides of corresponding pieces together firmly. Match edges carefully.



Attach Tan-Dee Strap Holders to grain side of leather on both ends of bag gusset "G". Refer to tracing pattern for positions. Mark and cut slits for

INSERT

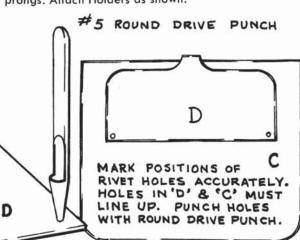
PRONGS THRU

SLITS. BEND

PRONGS OVER

BACK PLATE

TO SECURE.



STEP 10.

END OF LACE

Leave a short strip of lace on underside of project

RARN

Simply weave lace in and out of lacing holes as

illustrated. Do not twist the lace. IMPORTANT: The grain or right side of the lace should always

be up on the top or the hair side of the project

When lacing is complete, clip ends and cement

to flesh or rough side of project using a perman-ent cement such as Tandy's Craftsman's or Amco

BAG FLAP 'B'

DO NOT PUNCH

EXTENDING PART

LOCK ATTACHES.

Z USE 4-PRONG

& I-PRONG

THONGING

CHISELS.

PUNCH X-Y.

8 W-Z.

PRESTO LOCK ONTO

PRONGS OVER

BACK PLATE UNDER

EACH B & D AS

SHOWN.

5/4" TO

CENTER OF

CLASP.

POSITION CLASP AS

SHOWN. MARK LOCATION

PUNCH SLITS. ATTACH

OF PRONGS ONTO LEATHER.

WHERE PRESTO

POCKET FLAP 'D'

DO NOT PUNCH X-W

See instructions on this sheet.

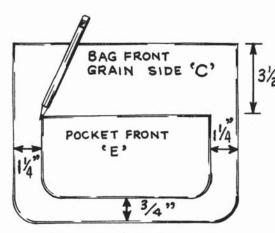
OR YZ

STEP 7.

illustration.)

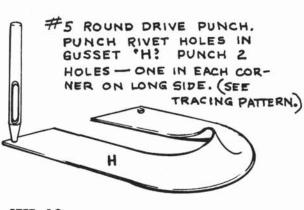
at starting point.

Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch rivet holes in "C" & "D". Refer to tracing pattern for positions of holes. Mark hole positions accurately on both leather pieces before punching.

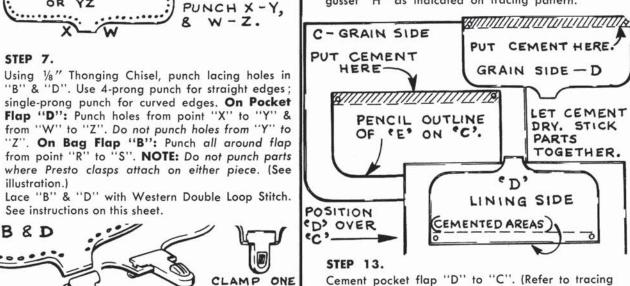


POSITION "E" ON "C" AS SHOWN. LIGHTLY TRACE AROUND 'E' WITH A PENCIL.

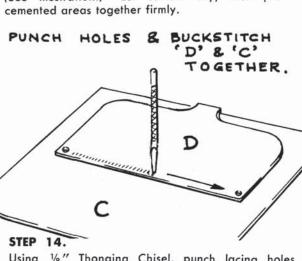
Locate position of pocket on bag front "C". (Refer to tracing pattern.) Lay pocket front "E" on "C" in proper position. Lightly trace around "E" onto "C" with a pencil. This line is a guide for cementing pocket gusset "H" to "C".



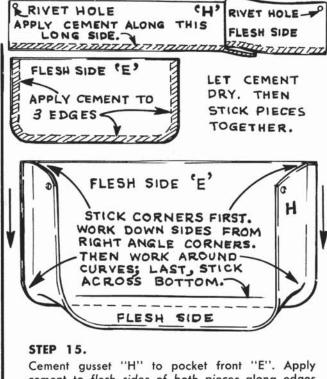
STEP 12. Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch rivet holes in gusset "H" as indicated on tracing pattern.



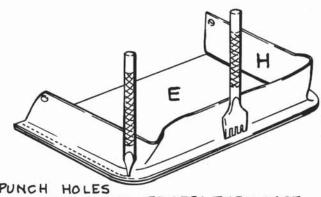
Cement pocket flap "D" to "C". (Refer to tracing pattern for proper position.) Match rivet holes. Apply cement to grain sides of both "C" & "D". (See illustration.) Let cement dry; then press



directions on this sheet.)



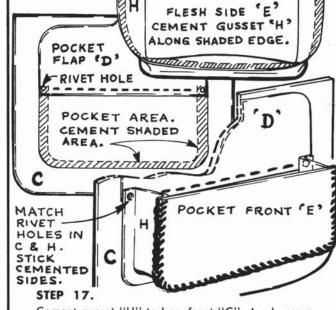
cement to flesh sides of both pieces along edges indicated. (See illustration.) Let cement dry; then stick pieces together firmly. To assure proper fit of gusset to pocket front, match and stick right angle corners first. Press gusset to "E" along short sides, matching edges. Cement curved corners together, working gusset around curves, matching edges. Stick bottom edges together. (See illustration.)



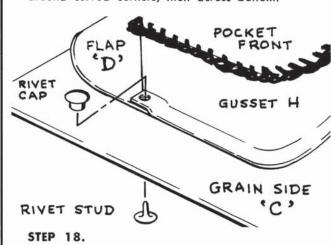
THRU CEMENTED EDGES; THEN LACE WITH WESTERN DOUBLE LOOP STITCH.

Using 1/8" Thonging Chisels, punch lacing holes in cemented edges of "H" & "E". Lace with Western Double Loop Stitch.

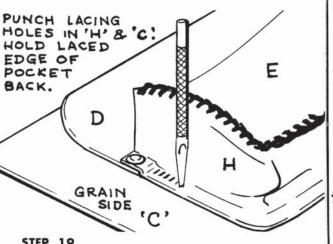
RIVET HOLE-

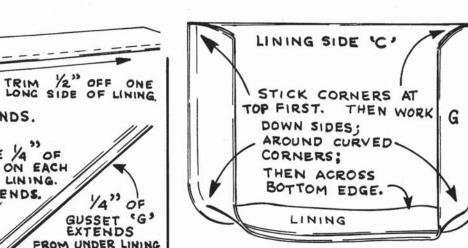


Cement gusset "H" to bag front "C". Apply narrow strip of cement to grain side of "C" just inside along straight top edge. (See illustration.) Apply narrow strip of cement to flesh side of "H" along side opposite "E". Let cement dry. Stick corners first, matching rivet holes. Press gusset to bag front, working down sides from square corners, around curved corners, then across bottom.



Attach Speedy Rivets through holes in "C", "D", and "H". (See illustration.)





STEP 25.

-DO NOT TRIM ENDS.

LINING

STEP 20.

STEP 21.

PUNCH

BEGIN & END

LACING HOLES

ABOUT 1/29

FROM

EDGES

STEP 22.

SIDE

OF

GUSSET ON EACH

Trim **lining** for bag gusset "G" ½" narrower than

gusset "G". Do not trim ends. (See illustration.)

Cement lining to gusset, flesh sides of leathers together. Leave 1/4" of gusset extending on

both long sides of lining. Match edges at ends.

Cement lining to bag front "C", rough sides of

leathers together, edges matching.

LINING - C

GRAIN SIDE

GRAIN SIDE C'

PUNCH ENDS

THRU BOTH

GUSSET.

LINING &

Using Thonging Chisel, punch lacing holes across

top side of "C" & across ends of "G". Begin &

end lacing holes about 1/4" in from side edges,

allowing room for punching & lacing sides. (See

tracing pattern & illustration.) On "G", punch lac-

ing holes across ends through both lining and gus-

set. Do not punch through unlined edges.

LACE

Lace ends of gusset "G" with Western Double Loop

There are 2 methods which may be used to

attach gusset "G" to bag front "C", and

bag back "A". Steps 24 through 30 describe

one method. Steps 24A through 30A de-

scribe the alternate method. We suggest

you read directions for both methods and

LACE BOTH

GUSSET. Entiti

select whichever you prefer.

LINING SIDE 'C'

SCUFF EDGES OF

DO NOT SCUFF

LINING

LINING ON 3 SIDES.

PUNCHED TOP EDGE.

TO SCUFF:

ENDS OF

GUSSET

NEEDLE

SCUFF

IN 1/4 33

DEEPER

WILL

BAG.

SHOW

INSIDE

SCUFFING

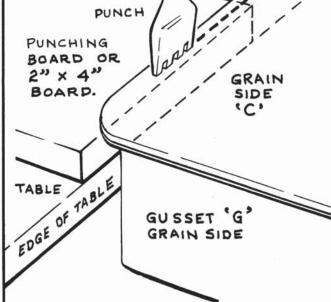
LINING SIDE

MATCH EDGES

CARE FULLY.

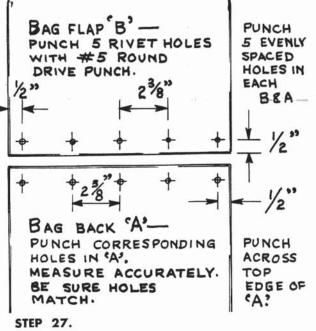
MATCH ENDS.

Cement gusset "G" to "C". Apply 1/4" wide strip of cement along one unlined edge of "G" and scuffed edges of "C". Let cement dry. Attach by sticking square top corners first. Then work down side edges, around curved corners, and across bottom edge. (See illustration.)



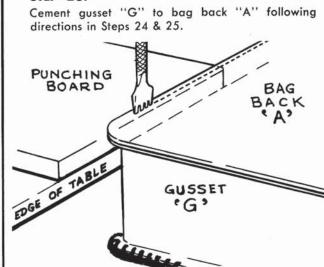
STEP 26.

Punch lacing holes through cemented edges of "C" & "G". To make punching easier, place punching board-or 2" x 4" board-on edge of table. Lay edges of leather on this surface & punch. (See illustration.) Lace completely around "C" with Western Double Loop Stitch. Begin lacing on top side, 1" in from either corner.

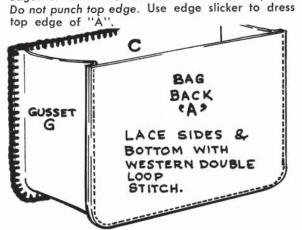


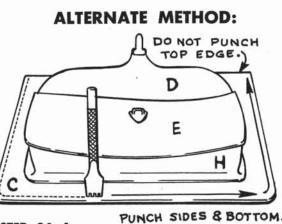
Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch 5 rivet holes

in both "A" & "B". (See tracing patterns for loca-

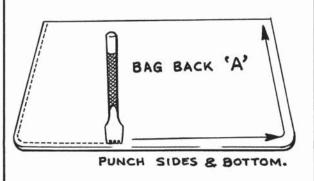


Using Thonging Chisels, punch lacing holes in "A" & "G" along sides, curved corners, and bottom edges of leather. (Punch as directed in Step 26.)



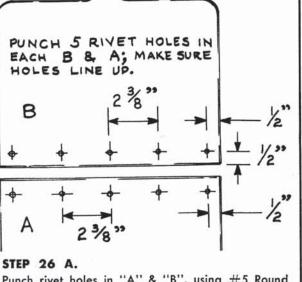


STEP 24 A. Punch lacing holes around sides & bottom of bag front "C", beginning and ending at top edges of "C". (See tracing pattern & illustration.)

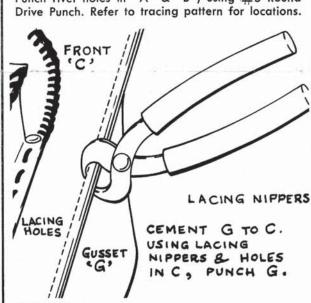


STEP 25 A.

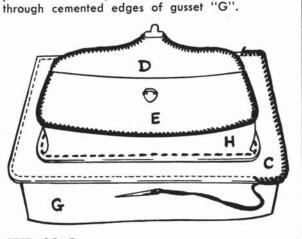
Punch lacing holes around sides & bottom of bag back "A". Do not punch across top side.



Punch rivet holes in "A" & "B", using #5 Round

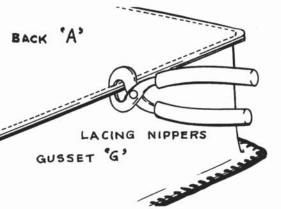


Cement gusset "G" to "C" using method described in Steps 24 & 25. Using lacing nippers & holes punched in front part "C" as guide, punch holes

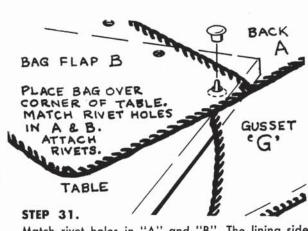


STEP 28 A. Lace "G" & "C" together with Western Double Loop Stitch, lacing completely around part "C" as in Step 26.

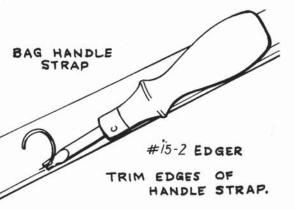
STEP 29 A. Cement gusset "G" to "A" following directions in Steps 24 & 25.



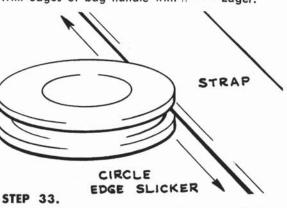
STEP 30 A.



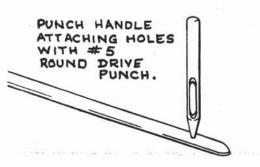
Match rivet holes in "A" and "B". The lining side of flap "B" faces grain side of "A". Attach Speedy Rivets. For easier handling, place bag over pounding board at corner of table. (See illustration.)



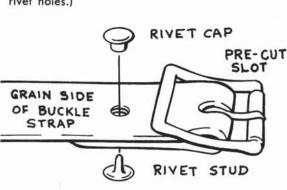
STEP 32. Trim edges of bag handle with #15-2 Edger



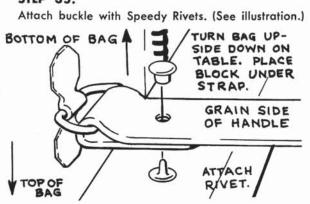
Dampen edges with sponge and burnish with Circle Edge Slicker, using brisk back and forth movement.



Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch rivet holes in ends of bag handles for buckle and attaching handle to bag. (See Tracing Pattern for locations of rivet holes.)

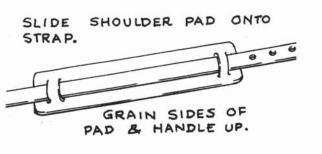


STEP 35.



STEP 36.

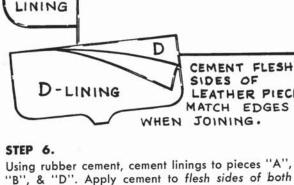
Attach ends of handle to Tan-Dee Bag Holders on gusset, using Speedy Rivets. (See illustration.)



STEP 37. Slip handle strap through slots in shoulder pad. Buckle strap.

Congratulations! Your "Carry All" Camera and Gadget Bag is now complete. This handsome, genuine leather bag will give years of service. You can be justly proud of having made it yourself! Begin another leather project right away! Leather craft is fun, relaxing—and rewarding. Earn welcomed extra income from resale of your fine leather

Select your next Tandy Leathercraft Kit today!



STEP 8.

CLASP.

TOP OF

CLASP

GRAIN

SIDE OF

Attach Presto Locks to parts "B", "C", "D", & "E". Refer to tracing pattern for position of lock Mark & punch slits for lock prongs on both "C" & "E". Attach locks as illustrated. Clamp Presto fasteners to "B" & "D". (See illustration.)

Using 1/8" Thonging Chisel, punch lacing holes through "C" & "D". Begin and end holes as shown on tracing pattern. Buckstitch "D" to "C". (See

Using 1/8" Thonging Chisels, punch lacing holes through "H" & "C"; and buckstitch. **NOTE:** To make punching process easier, bend edges of gusset "H" & pocket front "E" up and back out of way of chisel.

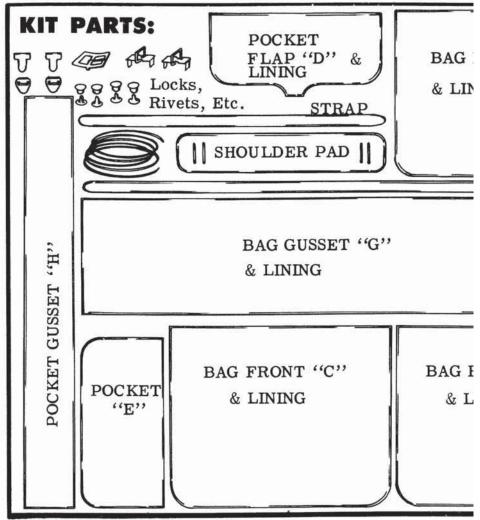
On lining side of "C", scuff sides & bottom edges 1/4" deep so leathers will stick together when gusset & bag front are cemented. (See illustration.) To Scuff: Lay leather flat. Using sharp knife or rough grade sandpaper, rough up edges of leather. CAUTION: Do not scuff more than 1/4" into leather or scuffing will show inside bag.

ROUGH UP EDGES WITH

SHARP KNIFE OR SAND-

Lace sides and bottom of parts "G" & "A" together using Western Double Loop Stitch.

Using lacing nippers & holes punched in part "A" as guide, punch holes in sides of "G" cemented to "A". Lace with Western Double Loop Stitch.



ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS:

NOTE: Before beginning assembly, mark the back side (flesh side) of each leather part with its corresponding letter and name from the above outline drawing.

STEP 1.

The following leather parts require carving and tooling: Bag Flap "B", Pocket Flap "D", and Pocket Front "E". (See Kit Parts.) Before working with parts "B" & "D", cement them to heavy brown wrapping paper to prevent stretching the leather. Apply cement to both paper and flesh side of leather pieces. Let cement dry; then stick cemented surfaces together. NOTE: Do not cement paper to part "E". Parts "B" and "D" are lined; "E" is not. Thus, no paper should be used on "E".

STEP 2.

Carve and stamp leather pieces "B", "D", and "E" according to **Tooling Instructions** on this sheet.

STEP 3.

Remove brown paper from tooled leather as completely as possible. (Lining will cover any remaining traces of paper.)

STEP 4

Apply Neat Lac or Neat Shene to grain side of

How to BUCK



STEP 1.

Leave a short strip of la at starting point.

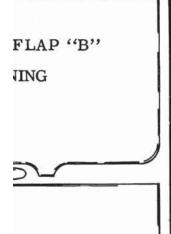


STEP 2.

Simply weave lace in a illustrated. Do not twi The grain or right side be up on the top or th

STEP 3.

When lacing is comple to flesh or rough side of ent cement such as Tar



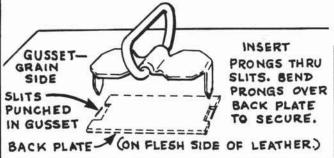
BACK "A" INING

STITCH NEEDLE D OF LACE ce on underside of project



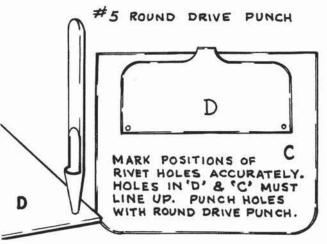
ind out of lacing holes as st the lace. IMPORTANT: of the lace should always e hair side of the project.

te, clip ends and cement of project using a permanady's Craftsman's or Amco



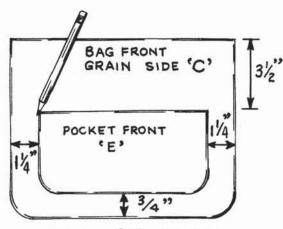
STEP 9.

Attach Tan-Dee Strap Holders to grain side of leather on both ends of bag gusset "G". Refer to tracing pattern for positions. Mark and cut slits for prongs. Attach Holders as shown.



STEP 10.

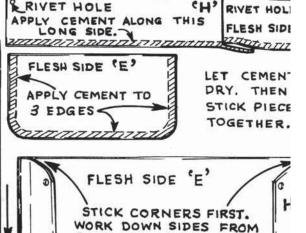
Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch rivet holes in "C" & "D". Refer to tracing pattern for positions of holes. Mark hole positions accurately on both leather pieces before punching.



POSITION 'E' ON "C" AS SHOWN. LIGHTLY TRACE AROUND 'E' WITH A PENCIL.

STEP 11.

Locate position of pocket on bag front "C". (Refer



RIGHT ANGLE CORNERS. THEN WORK AROUND

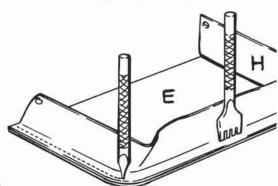
ACROSS BOTTOM.

FLESH SIDE

CH'

STEP 15.

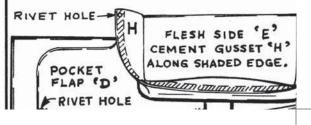
Cement gusset "H" to pocket front "E". A cement to flesh sides of both pieces along ec indicated. (See illustration.) Let cement dry; stick pieces together firmly. To assure proper f gusset to pocket front, match and stick right a corners first. Press gusset to "E" along short si matching edges. Cement curved corners toget working gusset around curves, matching ed Stick bottom edges together. (See illustration.)

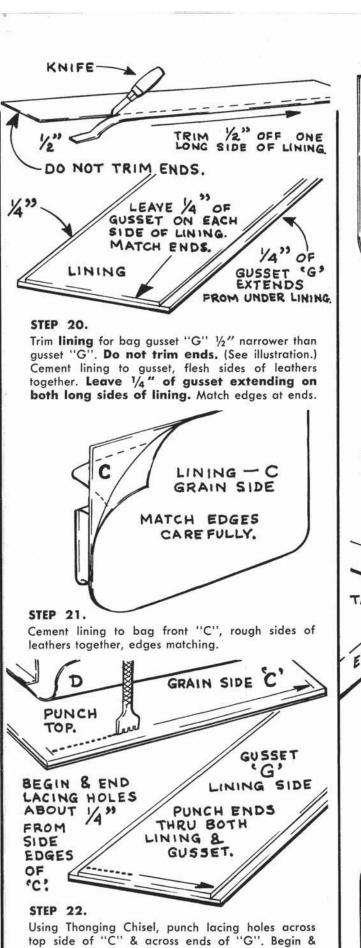


PUNCH HOLES THRU CEMENTED EDGES; THEN LA WITH WESTERN DOUBLE LOOP STIT

STEP 16.

Using 1/8" Thonging Chisels, punch lacing hole cemented edges of "H" & "E". Lace with Wes Double Loop Stitch.





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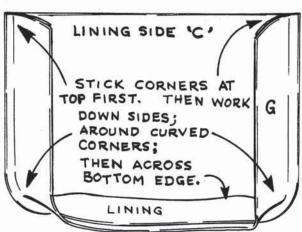
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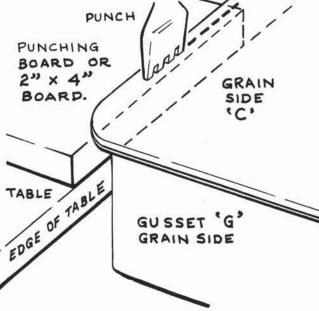
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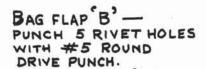
STEP 25.

Cement gusset "G" to "C". Apply ¼" wide strip of cement along one unlined edge of "G" and scuffed edges of "C". Let cement dry. Attach by sticking square top corners first. Then work down side edges, around curved corners, and across bottom edge. (See illustration.)



STEP 26.

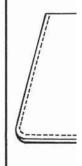
Punch lacing holes through cemented edges of "C" & "G". To make punching easier, place punching board—or 2" x 4" board—on edge of table. Lay edges of leather on this surface & punch. (See illustration.) Lace completely around "C" with Western Double Loop Stitch. Begin lacing on top side, 1" in from either corner.



PUNCH 5 EVENLY SPACED HOLES IN



STEP 24 Punch lacin front "C", "C". (See



STEP 25 Punch lacin back "A".





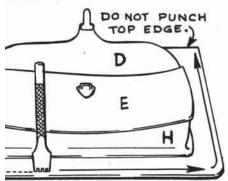




Punch rive Drive Punc

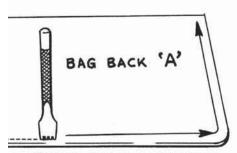


ALTERNATE METHOD:



PUNCH SIDES & BOTTOM.

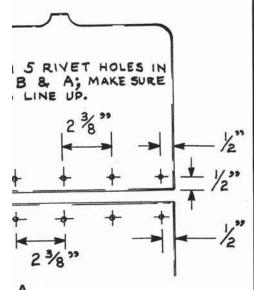
ng holes around sides & bottom of bag beginning and ending at top edges of tracing pattern & illustration.)



PUNCH SIDES & BOTTOM.

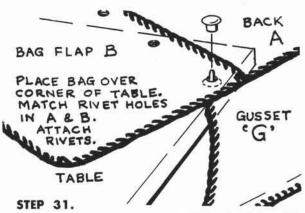
A.

ng holes around sides & bottom of bag Do not punch across top side.

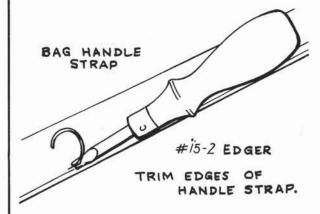


t holes in "A" & "B", using #5 Round th. Refer to tracing pattern for locations.



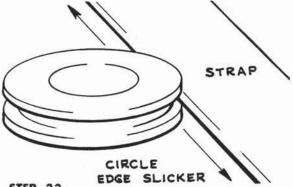


Match rivet holes in "A" and "B". The lining side of flap "B" faces grain side of "A". Attach Speedy Rivets. For easier handling, place bag over pounding board at corner of table. (See illustration.)



STEP 32.

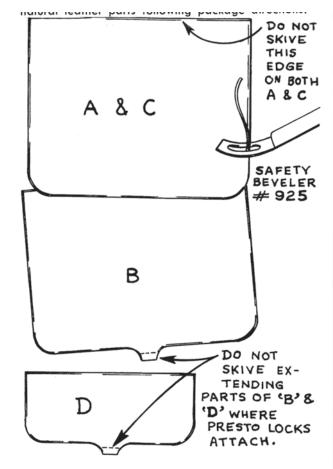
Trim edges of bag handle with #15-2 Edger.



STEP 33.

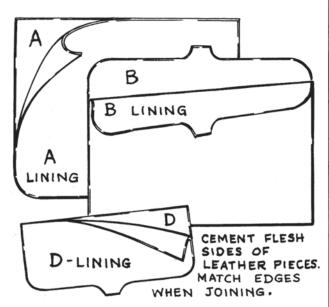
Dampen edges with sponge and burnish with Circle Edge Slicker, using brisk back and forth movement.





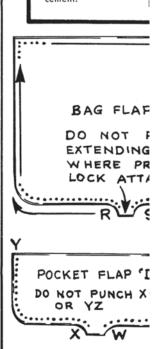
STEP 5.

Skive all edges of tooling leather pieces with these exceptions: 1. Do not skive the long, straight sides of "A" & "C" ending in right angle corners. 2. Do not skive parts "B" & "D" where Presto locks attach. (See illustration.)



STEP 6.

Using rubber cement, cement linings to pieces "A", "B", & "D". Apply cement to flesh sides of both leathers. Let cement dry; then stick cemented sides of corresponding pieces together firmly. Match edges carefully.

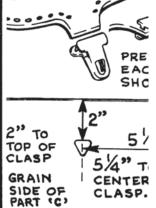


STEP 7.

B & D

Using 1/8" Thonging Ch "B" & "D". Use 4-prong single-prong punch for a Flap "D": Punch holes from "W" to "Z". Do no "Z". On Bag Flap "E from point "R" to "S". where Presto clasps att illustration.)

Lace "B" & "D" with W See instructions on this sh



POSITION CLASP AS SHOWN MARK LOCA

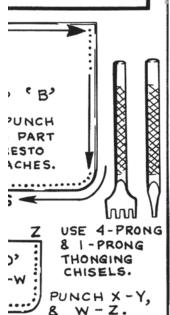
OF PRONGS ONTO LE

PUNCH SLITS. ATTA

STEP 8.

CLASP.

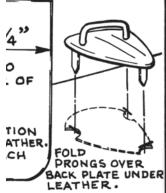
Attach Presto Locks to "E". Refer to tracing po on part "E". A prongs on both "C" & trated. Clamp Presto (See illustration.)



isel, punch lacing holes in punch for straight edges; curved edges. On Pocket from point "X" to "Y" & ot punch holes from "Y" to ": Punch all around flap NOTE: Do not punch parts ach on either piece. (See

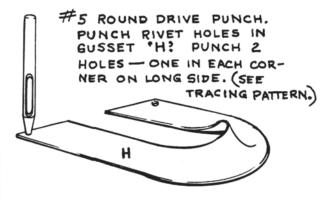
/estern Double Loop Stitch. neet.





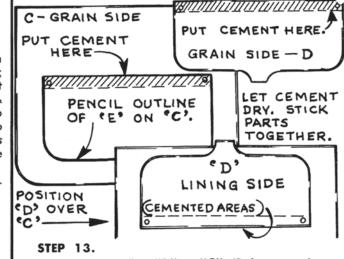
parts "B", "C", "D", & attern for position of lock Mark & punch slits for lock "E". Attach locks as illusfasteners to "B" & "D".

to tracing pattern.) Lay pocket front "E" on "C" in proper position. Lightly trace around "E" onto "C" with a pencil. This line is a guide for cementing pocket gusset "H" to "C".

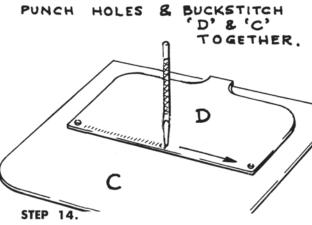


STEP 12.

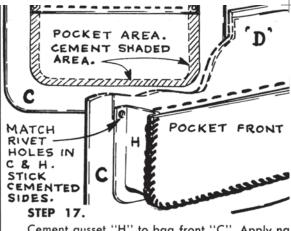
Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch rivet holes in gusset "H" as indicated on tracing pattern.



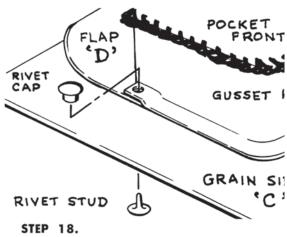
Cement pocket flap "D" to "C". (Refer to tracing pattern for proper position.) Match rivet holes. Apply cement to grain sides of both "C" & "D". (See illustration.) Let cement dry; then press cemented areas together firmly.



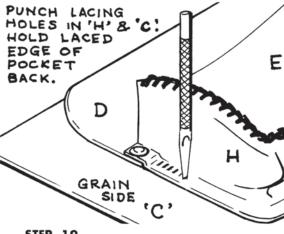
Using 1/8" Thonging Chisel, punch lacing holes through "C" & "D". Begin and end holes as shown on tracing pattern. Buckstitch "D" to "C". (See directions on this sheet.)



Cement gusset "H" to bag front "C". Apply na strip of cement to grain side of "C" just ir pencil line drawn in Step 11. Do not apply cell along straight top edge. (See illustration.) A narrow strip of cement to flesh side of "H" a side opposite "E". Let cement dry. Stick cort first, matching rivet holes. Press gusset to front, working down sides from square cortaround curved corners, then across bottom.



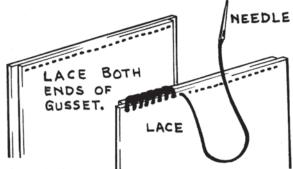
Attach Speedy Rivets through holes in "C", and "H". (See illustration.)



STEP 19.

Using ½" Thonging Chisels, punch lacing I through "H" & "C"; and buckstitch. **NOTE** make punching process easier, bend edges of set "H" & pocket front "E" up and back out of of chisel.

allowing room for punching & lacing sides. (See tracing pattern & illustration.) On "G", punch lacing holes across ends through both lining and gusset. Do not punch through unlined edges.



STEP 23.

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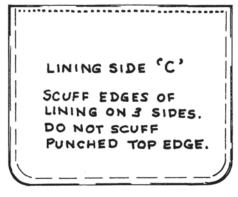
gus-

way

Lace ends of gusset "G" with Western Double Loop Stitch.

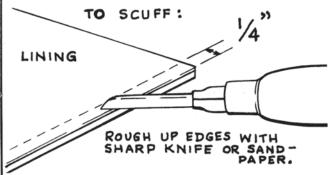
NOTE

There are 2 methods which may be used to attach gusset "G" to bag front "C", and bag back "A". Steps 24 through 30 describe one method. Steps 24A through 30A describe the alternate method. We suggest you read directions for both methods and select whichever you prefer.



SCUFF

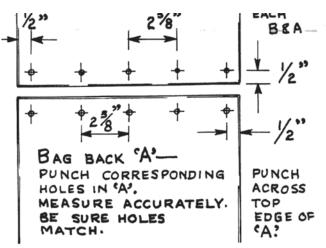
DEEPER SCUFFING WILL SHOW INSIDE BAG.



STEP 24.

On lining side of "C", scuff sides & bottom edges 1/4" deep so leathers will stick together when gusset & bag front are cemented. (See illustration.)

To Scuff: Lay leather flat. Using sharp knife or rough grade sandpaper, rough up edges of leather. CAUTION: Do not scuff more than 1/4" into leather or scuffing will show inside bag.

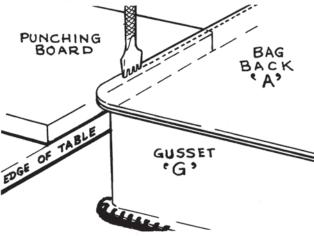


STEP 27.

Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch 5 rivet holes in both "A" & "B". (See tracing patterns for locations.)

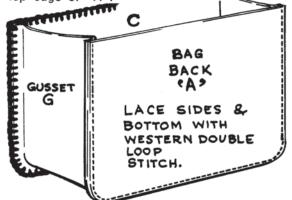
STEP 28.

Cement gusset "G" to bag back "A" following directions in Steps 24 & 25.



STEP 29.

Using Thonging Chisels, punch lacing holes in "A" & "G" along sides, curved corners, and bottom edges of leather. (Punch as directed in Step 26.) Do not punch top edge. Use edge slicker to dress top edge of "A".



STEP 30.

Lace sides and bottom of parts "G" & "A" together using Western Double Loop Stitch.



STEP 27 Cement guin Steps: punched i through co



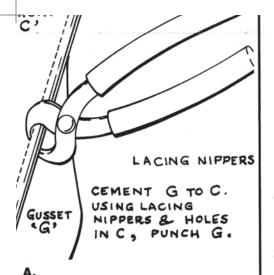
STEP 28 Lace "G' Loop Stit as in Step STEP 29

Cement ç Steps 24

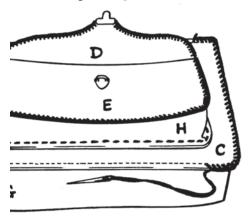
BACK



Using laci as guide, "A". Lace



Jsset "G" to "C" using method described 24 & 25. Using lacing nippers & holes n front part "C" as guide, punch holes emented edges of gusset "G".

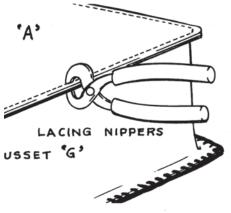


Δ.

' & "C" together with Western Double ch, lacing completely around part "C" > 26.

) A.

jusset "G" to "A" following directions in & 25.

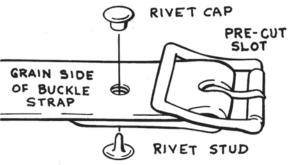


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ing nippers & holes punched in part "A" punch holes in sides of "G" cemented to e with Western Double Loop Stitch.

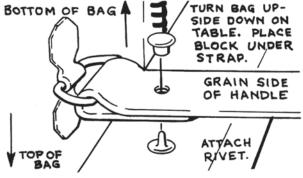
STEP 34.

Using #5 Round Drive Punch, punch rivet holes in ends of bag handles for buckle and attaching handle to bag. (See Tracing Pattern for locations of rivet holes.)



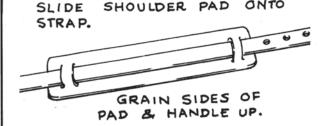
STEP 35.

Attach buckle with Speedy Rivets. (See illustration.)



STEP 36.

Attach ends of handle to Tan-Dee Bag Holders on gusset, using Speedy Rivets. (See illustration.)



STEP 37.

Slip handle strap through slots in shoulder pad. Buckle strap.

Congratulations! Your "Carry All" Camera and Gadget Bag is now complete. This handsome, genuine leather bag will give years of service. You can be justly proud of having made it yourself!

Begin another leather project right away! Leather craft is fun, relaxing—and rewarding. Earn welcomed extra income from resale of your fine leather goods.

Select your next Tandy Leathercraft Kit today!